## KS1 History Skills Map - Nassington

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

## Pupils should be taught about:

Element	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term
Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal	Superheroes	Toys	Journey	The Seaside
aspects of change in national life Changes in London building (stone) and creation of fire brigades (Great Fire). Celebrating the Coronation and why there is a monarchy. Development of the railways to spread to seaside resorts and the traditional summer holiday by the sea, comparing pictures from different decades (Seaside) Changes in transport and the impact on life (Travel and Transport, Journey Through The Decades)	Willow Autumn 1	Willow Spring 1	Through The Decades Willow Summer 1	Willow Summer 2
Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries] Study the London Monument and explain what it is for, where it is and why. Where did the Great Fire start and what changed in London as a result. (Great Fire of London).	Superheroes Willow Autumn 1	<b>Our Local</b> <b>Area</b> Willow Summer 2	The Great Fire of London Willow Autumn 2	Journey Through The Decades Willow Summer 1
The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods. Samuel Pepys (Great Fire of London) – who he was, what he saw, what his diary included, why his diary is useful today. Florence Nightingale (Superheroes) – who was she, what did she do, where was she, what difference did she make, what have we learned from her	Superheroes Willow Autumn 1	<b>Our Local</b> <b>Area</b> Willow Summer 2	The Great Fire of London Willow Autumn 2	Journey Through The Decades Willow Summer 1
Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. Talk about Mary, Queen of Scots and Fotheringhay (Our Local Area)	<b>Our Local</b> <b>Area</b> Willow Summer 2	Journey Through The Decades Willow Summer 1	The Seaside Willow Summer 2	

## KS2 History Skills Map - Nassington

Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

## Pupils should be taught about:

Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term	Topic/Term
Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age <u>Must know</u> <u>information:</u> What do the different Ages mean? Where are they on a timeline? What happened in each of them? What advances were making and why? Food, tools, artwork, housing, animals, farming, settling – what stayed the same and what changed? Changes in animals and diet over time. How can we find these today?	The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain <u>Must know</u> <u>information:</u> What is an invader and settler? Where did they come from? Why did they invade? Recognising on a map where the settlements were and looking at place names. Which cities had Roman roots – Lindum, Eboracum, Londinium, Ratae	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots <u>Must know</u> <u>information:</u> Roman Invasion What is an invader and settler? Where did they come from? Why did they invade? Recognising on a map where the settlements were and looking at place names – Thorpe, by. Alfred The Great – who was he? What did he do? Why is he remembered as Great?	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor <u>Must know</u> information: Where the Vikings came from. Why they came to Britain. How they lived. Viking life – homes, religions, runes, impact on present day e.g. place names, days of the week. Candidates for Edward The Confessor's King. Explain which was best – Harald, Harold	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 <u>Must know</u> <u>information:</u> UK timeline including London Bridge, the Great Fire, London Landmarks, WW2, the Millennium, 2012 Olympics. Social impact of WW2 Why did WW2 start? Who took part? Key people Main events Changes in lives around the world and in Nassington	the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China <u>Must know</u> <u>information:</u> Where were these civilisations? Why did they thrive? What did they eat? How was their society organised?	Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world <u>Must know</u>	A non- European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300. Must know information: Where were these civilisations? Why did they thrive? What did they eat? How was

					How did they trade? What similarities and differences are there between our society and theirs? What was their impact? What was the impact of Western societies or colonialism on them? Theories about why the civilisation ended. Links to today's society through housebuilding and maths ratios.		their society organised? How did they trade? What similarities and differences are there between our society and theirs? What was their impact? What was thei impact of Western societies or colonialism on them?
Silver Birch Spring 2	Silver Birch Summer 1	Silver Birch Summer 2	Silver Birch Summer 1	Years 5 and 6 Summer 2 (Victorians) Silver Birch Autumn 1 and 2 (WW2)	Rowan Summer 1 (Indus Valley) Rowan Autumn 1 (Ancient Egypt)	Silver Birch Summer 1 and 2	Rowan Autumn 1 and 2 (Mayans) Rowan Spring 1 (First Nations) Rowan Summer 1 (Benin)